

Don't Miss The SUNDAY WORLD EASTER NUMBER Next Sunday.

LAST EDITION.
CAUGHT WITH DYNAMITE.
Kelley Had Three Bombs, Each Capable of Killing 1,000 People.
CARRIED A PECULIAR BUNDLE.

Policeman Connors Was Suspicious and Made an Important Capture.
THE MAN'S COMPANION ESCAPED.
Inspector Conlin Believes He Has a Clue to the Anarchists of Park Street.

The police of the West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street station have in their possession three powerful dynamite bombs which they don't know just what to do with.

The bombs and nine dynamite paper cartridges, such as are used in blasting rocks, are lying in a depressed vacant lot where One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street intersects Manhattan avenue. The lot has a high fence around it, but in order to prevent any possibility of damage from the dangerous explosive a policeman is on guard within sight of the bombs.

Policeman Connors, of the West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street station was patrolling his beat at 3 o'clock this morning at One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street and St. Nicholas avenue when he saw two men creep stealthily along One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, beside Amman's large hothouse.

As Connors approached the men one of them took to his heels and in a few minutes was out of sight. The other man made no attempt to escape. He had a bundle on his back, which he seemed to be handling with great care. When the policeman asked him what he had the man, with an effort at indifference, said:

"Oh, nothing."

Upon being pressed, however, he said he had some old clothing in the bundle. The policeman thought the man's actions suspicious and arrested him.

Not until they arrived at the police station, however, did the policeman know how narrow an escape he had from death.

Inspector Conlin believes he has a clue to the anarchists of Park Street.

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PUT THE GIRLS OUT.
Judge Bradley Clears the Court-Room for the Pollard Case.
Grumbling Maids and Matrons Ousted from Choice Seats.

New York Law Student the First Witness Called To-Day.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Refreshed by two days of consultation and planning the Pollard-Breckinridge legal forces bristled with law books and portentous looking documents this morning as they arrayed themselves along the two rows of desks in the criminal court-room.

Expectation fairly beamed from beneath their bonnets, to be but five minutes deferred, for that space after the appointed hour for court convening, entered Miss Pollard, demure and with downcast eyes, wrapped in her long black cloak with the Congressman defendant and his satchel of documents following so closely after that the two parties seemed to have come together.

Judge Bradley leaped from his handsome head back in his padded leather chair, the roll of jurors was called, and was no sooner finished than the Judge remarked: "Mr. Marshall, I wish you would request that the testimony of Sutherland be taken in the case."

Thereupon Mr. Marshall Wilson's portly form loomed up before the women, waving them out. They went with clouds of disappointment over their faces, and a babbling of anger that the Judge was obliged to rap sharply for order.

Few spectators were left after this exodus, but among them were a half dozen of the defendant's fellow-members of Congress.

PARKHURST MEN IN COURT.
Rumor of a Wholesale Issuing of Warrants.

Capt. Wishart and Detective Lennon went to Yorkville this morning, accompanied by two fashionably dressed women, and had a consultation with Justice Voorhis in a private room. Later preparations were made as though warrants were to be issued by the wholesale.

HOME RULE NOT DROPPED.
Though There Is no Reference to It in the Queen's Speech To-Day.
ROSEBERY GIVES ASSURANCE.
Says the Government Will Stand Just Where Gladstone Left It.

HOUSE OF LORDS AN ANOMALY:
But a Peerage Not a Bar to Public Service, Says the New Premier.

LONDON, March 12.—Parliament assembled to-day, and it is probable that more interest is taken in this meeting of the Lords and Commons than in any other previous gathering of the two bodies for some years past, owing to the retirement of Gladstone and the reorganization of the different political parties which must follow.

Her Majesty the Queen, in her utterances to-day, after referring to the salient factory relations existing with foreign powers, says:

The Queen's Speech.
"Negotiations are in progress with the United States for the purpose of executing the award of the Court of Arbitration in the question of the seal fisheries of the Behring Sea."

The estimates for the public service will be found to make full provision for the defense of the empire.

The State of Ireland.
The estimates for the public service will be found to make full provision for the defense of the empire.

PARKHURST AND TRAIN.
They Will Meet To-Night at the Millhollands' Christening.

Citizen George Francis Train received an invitation this morning from Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Millholland to attend the christening to-night at 66 Madison avenue, of their two little girls and boy.

GOOD BILL---TO KILL.
Newsdealers Denounce the Stall Under the "L" Stairs Scheme.
They Think the Little Joker Is Liable to Be Sprung.

Philanthropy From Corporations Rather Suspicious.

Newsdealers are making a more and more vigorous outcry against the bill introduced into the Legislature a few days ago by Assemblyman Taylor, the object of which is to legalize the erection of stalls underneath the elevated railroad stairs at every station throughout the city.

The bill, to the existence of which the Evening World was the first newspaper to call attention, is considered by newsdealers as outrageous.

The concern which is to be created by the bill claims the rather long-winded name of the "Public Accommodation Company of New York City," and is ostensibly a semi-municipal nature, as the Mayor, Comptroller and Corporation Counsel are named as directors, and the city is promised a dividend of 21-2 per cent. of the Company's gross receipts.

Philip Ronzone, importer of lace, at 321 and 323 Broadway, who is the originator and chief promoter of the scheme, says he got the idea in Paris where there are trim little booths such as those contemplated in his bill, at nearly every corner, and that they have met with general favor there.

One of the arguments put forth by Mr. Ronzone and Lawyer James W. Ridgway, who drafted the bill, is that these booths, so far from prejudicing newsdealers, will really be a boon to them, as they will be rented out to worthy persons at the "nominal" sum of \$5 a month.

Aside from the fact that the promoters do not say that this "nominal" rental will necessarily be adhered to, when the bill is passed, there are few of the newsdealers who can afford to pay so much for a privilege which they are now enjoying for nothing.

With a further assumption of the guise of philanthropy, which newsdealers say, looks out of place in a monopoly, the promoters of the "booth bill" contend that the bill will serve as an aegis to protect newsdealers against the police, who, if Mr. Ronzone is to be believed, are bent on driving away newsdealers from every corner where they have a chance to make their scanty livelihood.

PEIXOTO NOW GIVES NOTICE.
Operations Against Rebels at Rio to Begin in 48 Hours.

Government Fleet Stands Ready at the Entrance to the Harbor.

RIO DE JANEIRO, March 12.—The Government yesterday notified the representatives of the foreign powers that operations against the insurgents in the Bay of Rio de Janeiro would be resumed after the expiration of forty-eight hours.

As already cabled to the Associated Press, the Government fleet is off the entrance of Rio de Janeiro Bay, a portion of the fleet, consisting of the Nictherov, Destroyer and Aurora, having taken up a position in a night at the entrance, between Fort St. John and the Sugar Loaf Fort, preparatory, it is believed, to bombardment Fort Villegaignon.

The remainder of the Government fleet, consisting of the America, Parnahyba and the torpedo boats purchased in Germany, are further outside the entrance of the harbor.

RIGHTS OF SENATORS.
McDermott Defines Them in His Supreme Court Argument.

TRENTON, N. J., March 12.—Allan McDermott, counsel for President Adams, of the Democratic Senate, concluded his argument before the Supreme Court this morning in the proceedings brought by Gov. Werts to determine which is New Jersey's legal Senate.

His argument this morning was mainly on the right of a Senator-elect to participate in the organization of that body. Mr. McDermott said that no member-elect could vote on any subject until he had taken the oath of office, and this he held they could not do until they had been admitted.

Mr. McDermott held that there was no new Senate because the constitution required that body every year by the election of a certain class of Senators. The body was permanent in view of this fact, Mr. McDermott cited cases from the United States Senate, in which Senators-elect were refused admission on their credentials.

WALSH WAS SLOWLY DYING OF DISEASE AND TOOK MORPHINE.
Disgraced by Being Discharged, Rupert Swallowed Arsenic.

Rheumatism Made Krest Suffer and He Hanged Himself.

Henry Walsh, aged thirty-two, a storekeeper, at 6 West One Hundred and Sixty-sixth street, who was discharged from the city hospital at 10 o'clock this morning, where he had been confined for four months suffering from melancholia, is now dying from the effects of morphine self-administered.

Mr. Walsh has been afflicted for two years with an incurable disease, which is supposed to have preyed upon his mind until he became a victim to settled melancholia. This, it is thought, was the cause of his attempt to take his life.

Dr. J. C. Lowinsky, of 178 Madison avenue, and Dr. McMillan, of 116 East One Hundred and Sixty-sixth street, were called in shortly after Walsh was discovered to have taken the poison last night, and although they immediately dosed him with permanganate of potassium, the new antidote for morphine poisoning, he has been steadily growing worse, until at 10 o'clock this morning all hope of recovery was abandoned. He was at that hour entirely unconscious.

His father, who had written several letters, he was formerly a bookkeeper.

Mr. Rupert, aged forty-eight, of 225 Madison street, died in Chambers Street Hospital at 2 o'clock this morning, after a long illness.

Mr. Rupert had been manager of Mrs. A. Rupert's saloon at 20 West street until a week ago, when he was told by Mrs. Rupert, who has since been discharged, that his services were no longer wanted.

"I will give you \$25 in cash," said Mrs. Rupert, "but you must eat and drink as much and as long as you wish at my expense, and to live at my house, but you are too insulting to my customers, and I cannot retain you as manager any longer."

LAST EDITION.
M'KANE BURNT MONEY.
It Is Said He Spent About \$50,000 to Keep Out of Sing Sing.

Enormous Fees for Lawyers Troy, Roderick and James.

His Bank Account Short, He Used the Funds of Gravesend.

The story of the \$200,000 shortage in the accounts of John Y. McKane, together with the disappearance of nearly \$50,000 of Gravesend bonds, which were given him to pay contractors and other creditors of the town, brought to light to-day a number of new features attending his trial which will place more data in the hands of the Committee of Citizens now at work on the ex-Supervisor's books.

It is believed now that McKane used the town money to defray the expenses of his trial and that of the eighteen election inspectors. Ever since William J. Gaynor first demanded the Gravesend registry lists McKane seems to have been spending the town's money for his private uses.

In his palmy days McKane's bank account never amounted to more than \$10,000, his friends say, as all his money was invested in Gravesend and Coney Island property.

He held a mortgage on every church in the township, on the town's bonds, houses in Gravesend and Coney Island. In anticipation of the interest from his own property, the investigating committee say, McKane, when he needed ready money, used that which belonged to the taxpayers. He accounted to the bank as really the account of the taxpayers.

When McKane was called to appear before Justice Barnard and be tried for contempt of Court he had, it is said, scarcely \$2,000 in cash, but he was given by the people's counsel.

The first of the proceedings cost McKane \$10,000, and the money, the investigating committee believe, was paid from the town's funds.